

# Daily Worker

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## Weather

LOCAL—Partly cloudy. Warmer. Showers this afternoon or tonight.

EASTERN NEW YORK—Cloudy; showers in central and north portions and in extreme south portion this afternoon and tonight.



## A TRIUMPHANT PAINTERS UNION

reinforced the return to leadership of one of its most militant officers—Louis Weinstock. Shown above, he is being carried into the Windsor Palace immediately following the announcement that the Zausner clique had been defeated in the painters elections. —Daily Worker Photo

## Painters Election— A Lesson to Shouters Of Fifth Column'

The Shattering Defeat of the Zausner Reactionary Clique Is a Resounding Blow to All Warmongers in the Trade Unions

By George Morris  
Take my advice. Don't try the "fifth column" stuff. It won't work. Worse than that—it kicks back.

Philip Zausner.

Philip Zausner may as well send this message to all his friends as that is what he learned from Saturday's election for secretary-treasurer and eight business agents in Painters District Council 9.

Reactionaries, Social Democrats, Trotzkyites, racketeers, sappers of union treasures, stooges of the employers and all varieties of outcasts from labor's ranks, may as well know that this latest stunt of pinning the "fifth column" label on opponents doesn't work.

Zausner put the method to a thorough test. Thousands of dollars went for private bills. Never in the union's many turbulent elections were the painters showered with as many smear leaflets. Never so many dirty slanders and scurrilous cartoons. The master-minds in Zausner's lead factory collected the worst sample of the lying propaganda about Nazi-Soviet "unity" and threw it at the painters in the most exaggerated form. Everything was tried to future Louis Weinstock, candidate of the Rank & File for secretary-treasurer as an agent of Stalin and as agent of Hitler. He was slanderously shown coming down in a parapade and in similar fashion. The goal was especially directed to the Jewish voters.

## THE RESULTS

In short, this is the up-to-date application of the Red-scare buttressed by the "fifth column" idea. The result was:

Weinstock . . . . . 4,027

Zausner . . . . . 2,375

The entire slate of eight business agents on the Rank & File ticket got by their majorities.

Almost all of the local elections were swept by the Rank & File.

Out of 36 delegates on the District Council the R. & F. has 24 certain.

The highest majority the R. & F. ever had before in a general ballot was 700.

A year ago, before the German-

(Continued on Page 3)

## New Taxes on Poor for War Start Today

Increased Levies on Cigarettes, Gasoline, Amusements

WASHINGTON, June 30 (UP)—Uncle Sam tomorrow begins reaching into the pockets of millions of Americans to help pay the administration's armaments bill.

Few will escape contributing to the tremendous cost of building up the "National defenses."

The poor will pay through heavier impositions on so-called luxuries such as cigarettes, gasoline, and amusement admissions.

New levies are imposed by an emergency "defense" tax bill, of President Roosevelt last

week, start of the new fiscal year, middle class and professionals) including a 10 per cent tax on all admission fees for which the returns will be

the new levies are imposed by a motorcade of over 500 automobiles with a union man at every

wheel, descended on Flushing Meadows at 11 A. M. and disgorged members of 61 New York union locals, who took part in a stirring

parade to the Field of Special Events to witness a five-hour sports

exhibit presented by the Trade Union Athletic Association, the sponsoring group of the two days at the Fair.

At 2 P. M. while the exhibit was still in progress, the Trade Union Women's Auxiliary called to order a public peace rally in the Court of Peace.

Dr. Bella V. Dodd, legislative secretary of the Teachers Union, A. F. of L.; Dr. Annette Rubinstein, principal of Robert Louis Stevenson High School; Louise Thompson, young Negro national vice-president

## Labor's Day At Fair Calls For Peace

65,000 Unionists Hold Sport and Drama Festival

Union men and women of New York—65,000 strong—yesterday took the World's Fair by storm with a thrilling message of "peace and progress for progress."

From early morning till late in the evening, participants in the first of labor's two full days at the Fair demonstrated in the language of sports, drama and oratory that the Union Yanks Are Not Coming

—because their lives, hopes, interests lie over here in a free, joyous and prosperous America.

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a public peace rally in the Court of Peace.

A government by and for the people should not force its young people into military service," the executive committee of the Youth Council informed the President in a stinging denunciation of his proposal.

(Continued on Page 6)

## Joint Fight By Unions For Rights On the WPA

### Alliance, Teachers and Artists Form Committee

A Joint Committee of Project Unions including the United American Artists Local 80, CIO, the Workers' Alliance and the WPA Teachers Union Local 453 an A. F. of L. affiliate, has been formed to defend the civil, political and economic rights of WPA and unemployed workers, it was announced.

The three organizations decided to pool their resources in a determined campaign to stonk the hunt inspired by the Congressional provision barring employment of Communists and others on WPA projects.

The Joint Committee plans to issue 100,000 leaflets for distribution among project workers, explaining the issues involved and urging the repudiation of Colonel Somervell's provocative bid for 50,000 poison pen letters.

## TO SEE SOMERVELL

A petition requesting President Roosevelt to hold in abeyance the administration of the Congressional provision barring Communists and others from employment will be circulated among all project workers.

The Joint Committee also announced that it was preparing to mobilize the trade union movement of New York in support of the civil rights of WPA workers. Signs are being taken to launch a nationwide movement through the national affiliations of the organizations represented.

Representatives of the three organizations will meet with Colonel Somervell this week for a clarification of some of the wild statements attributed to him in the press.

Reports coming in from all the projects indicate that the Administration threats against organized workers are proving a boomerang. Thousands of workers are pledging their support of the union's defense efforts and many hitherto unorganized workers are joining the

### Gandhi Parley With British Viceroy Fails

BOMBAY, India, June 30 (UP)—Another conference between Mohandas K. Gandhi, Indian National leader, and Lord Linlithgow, Viceroy of India, failed to result in any agreement, it was reported here today.

Gandhi's stumbling block to the mediation efforts was the long-drawn-out hiring of key personnel because it represented a "raids on union rights" won in the 1934 shipping strike.

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Union officials said their proposal offered to arbitrate the entire work-

(Continued on Page 4)

U. S. Cruiser Arrives In Buenos Aires

BUENOS AIRES, June 30 (UP)—The United States Cruiser Wichita arrived today and was berthed next to her sister ship the Quincy. Both American warships will remain until July 3.

## FLEET RETURNS TO HAWAIIAN WATERS

WASHINGTON, June 30 (UP)—Sudden reappearance of the United States fleet at Hawaii—six days after it was reported to have sailed for the Panama Canal—caused widespread speculation here tonight although there was no official com-

## Anti-Soviet Policy Led to Defeat Of France, Lloyd George Declares

### Says Suppression of CP of France Disastrous to Nation

By Philip Bolsover

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

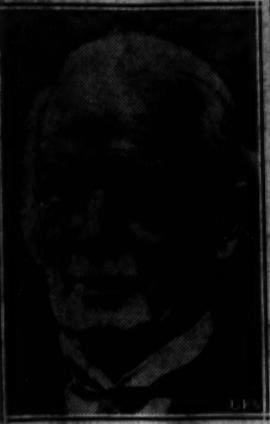
LONDON, June 30.—Lloyd George, in a remarkable article in today's Sunday Pictorial, places responsibility for the defeat of France upon the "parties of the right" which "preferred the extinction of liberty in Central Europe to association with Russia."

Conclusion of a "Franco-Russian alliance" at the time of Czechoslovakia would have prevented the war, he writes.

Suppression of the Communist Party of France, he said, was a disastrous move for the fate of the country, and warned against similar "folly" in Britain.

## SEES "TROUBLE" IN FRANCE

Commenting on Marshal Weygand's request to French generals in the colonies to place their arms at the disposal of the Bordeaux government and to assist in the preservation



DAVID LLOYD GEORGE

of order in France, he said this is significant because it is the first clear indication that the Bordeaux government expects internal difficulties.

There is a general feeling, he wrote, that the government does not represent the people but only the vested interests championed by parties of the right, parties which preferred the extinction of liberty in Central Europe to

### Downfall of Democracies Began with Betrayal of Spain, He Says

association with the Soviet Union.

If, he declared, the Franco-Soviet Union alliance had been used at the time of the Czechoslovakian and Polish invasions Hitler would not have risked a war against a combination of France, the Soviet Union and Britain.

But, he points out, the parliament and the press of Britain and France are under the influence of extreme right wing capitalists and of financial interests. That is why they pursued the policy of non-intervention in Spain.

## BEGAN WITH SPAIN

"The Spanish policy pursued by the British and French governments," he said, "was the beginning of the tremendous defeat of the democratic countries we have been witnessing." He adds that a democratic policy in Spain would have consolidated the alliance of

(Continued on Page 3)

## German and British Plane In Heavy Ra-

### Bukovinians Clear Way for Soviet Troops

#### Remove Tank Barriers Erected by Fascist Militarists

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

CHERNOWITZ, Rumania, June 30.—Red Army columns passing through north Bukovina are welcomed everywhere by spontaneous demonstrations of the local popula-

tion. Girls present the Red Army men with flowers at every town and village.

Although the Rumanian military clique obstructed roads with anti-tank barriers and deep pits, local peasants in many places cleared the way for the advance of Red Army troops.

British planes last night bombed the city of Abessville, bombing an airfield to four German planes, the Air Ministry reported.

Sweeping across the English Channel with bomb racks filled to capacity, the planes struck at German bases in France and then swung into Germany and Holland.

Abessville, on the French Channel coast, was bombed violently with the British planes concentrating on airfields and planes, the Air Ministry said.

North of Abessville at Vignacourt, railroads and goods yards were bombed and rolling stock set afire, the Air Ministry said.

Other British bombers attacked the air field at Merville, near Lille, bombing planes on the ground.

In this raid, three British planes failed to return to their base.

Three other British planes failed to return from raids into Germany.

The Air Ministry said that a chemical factory at Hochst, in the Rhineland, was damaged and that other military objectives in the regions of Baden and Cologne were bombed.

A squadron of planes swept over the Frisian Islands, attacking Norddeich and Borkum, then swung into the Netherlands, where the Schiphol airfield was bombed, the Air Ministry said.

The Air Ministry said that the Dornindorf-Ems canal in Westphalia was damaged and that marching yards in the same vicinity as Sest, Schwerte and Hamm were attacked.

On route home the bombers were attacked by a formation of Nazi Messerschmitt-109s. The Air Ministry said that four of the German planes were shot down. No British losses were suffered in this combat, it added.

While the British planes were raiding Germany and German-occupied territory, German planes attacked the British Isles. Two persons were reported killed and eight others injured, a communiqué said.

## GERMANS BOMB BOTH COASTS

BERLIN, June 30 (UP)—In violent attacks on England and Scotland, German fliers bombed armament factories and harbors on both the east and west coasts of the British Isles, the High Command reported today.

The attacks were carried out last night and early today as a fleet of British bombers raided sections of Germany in the north and west.

The High Command claimed that the British bombed non-military objectives.

Four British planes were claimed to have been shot down in the raids.

Sweeping along the east coast of England, German bombers dumped bombs on Lincoln, York and Nottingham, the High Command said.

Parachute landing parties occupied the town of Bolgrad in southern Bessarabia and several miles of the Rati river and the Dniester.

On the west coast several tanks were reported set afire in attacks on Cardiff and Bristol.

The High Command said that airfields on the English east coast were bombed successfully.

Damage was "insignificant" in the High Command said.

One British plane machine-gunned a fire fighting brigade attempting to put out a fire in a

### Both Sides Claim for Their Expedi-

tion

LONDON, June 30—In an attempt to German preparations invasion of Great

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Y OF CULTURE: Red Army troops in the summer camps of the Moscow Military district are entertained by their comrades during a rest

## Rominent Women Urge OR Aid Spain Refugees

Nationally prominent women educators and authors are among the signers to a statement sponsored by the United American Spanish Aid Committee, 200 Fifth Avenue, which calls upon President Roosevelt and Secretary of State Hull to intercede with the French Government to release 180,000 Spanish refugees and 4,000 International Volunteers from concentration camps, to offer them at least temporary asylum here and to send rescue ships to bring them to safety in the Western Hemisphere.

Helen Keller, international famous blind scholar; Miss Vida D. Scudder, Professor Emeritus of Wellesley College; Miss Martha Dodd, daughter of the late United States Ambassador to Germany and author of the novel, "Through Embassy Eyes"; Peggy Bacon, famous artist; Tess Slesinger, Eli Winter, Muriel Draper and Helen Boyd, authors; Eda Lou Walton, poet; Prof. Margaret Schlauch, of New York University; Prof. Harriet Lane Lane Granger, of Bordertown School, N. J.; Aline Davis Hays, wife of Arthur Garfield Hays, and Susan Huntington Vernon are among the women who have signed this statement.

Miss Dodd is a vice-chairman of the United American Spanish Aid Committee, which is making strenuous efforts to get the United States Government, acting in unison with its sister republics to the south, to send rescue ships at once and prevent the anti-fascists who fought for democracy in Spain from falling into the hands of the dictators.

Lynn Fontanne, noted stage and screen star; Dorothy Parker, author and poet; Miss Josephine Truslow Adams, educator; Mrs. Bertha C. Reynolds, prominent New York social worker; Mrs. Eliza M. Cope, prominent Philadelphian; Isobel Walker Soule, author and lecturer, and Miss Carol King, attorney, are among the committee's national national sponsors.

### NEEDY REFUGEES FESTIVAL TO AID

As part of the entertainment to be contributed by New York's trade

unions to the American Solidarity Festival to save the Spanish refugees, sponsored by the New York Chapter, United American Spanish Aid Committee, at Empire Beach Park, Staten Island, on July 21, Local 665 of the United Wholesale and Retail Employees of America has agreed to present its smash hit, "Wholesale Mikado." Acted, directed and parodied from Gilbert and Sullivan's "Mikado" by the local's dramatic group, the musical comedy pack's serious union message in its admirable lyrics.

The hit of the show "Oh, the Union, the Union," sung to the tune of "Til-Willow," which describes the lamentations of "Boss and Co." when they come up against the local's membership drive, will be featured at the Festival.

A long list of other attractive features of the Festival include free swimming, a field day and sports events, mass folk dancing by different language groups, Spanish music and singing, besides two bands and all day beach pavilion dancing.

The seven-acre park on Staten Island can be reached by the free Festival bus from the Staten Island ferry that goes with the 49-cent tickets, now on sale at the New York Chapter, United American Spanish Aid Committee, Room 810, 200 Fifth Avenue; the Workers Bookshop, 50 East 13th Street, and the Bookfair, 133 West 44th Street.

## Anti-Soviet Policy Flayed In Lloyd George Article

(Continued from Page 1)

France, Britain and the Soviet Union and would have brought a democratic Spain to their side.

The French government, he said, imitated the fascists by forbidding freedom of opinion.

Referring to the Communist Party of France, he writes: "The government stamped out of existence by violent means a powerful political party held in special abhorrence by the plutocracy. This party by its principles was more radically hostile against Nazism and fascism than almost any other section of French opinion. It commanded millions of votes and was a majority in the municipal government of many French towns.

"What is more important, it had at least a half million men in the army. No doubt the Communists fought as bravely as any, but it would be asking too much of human nature to expect that men would fight with the same zeal and devotion when their trusted leaders were imprisoned, exiled and even threatened with a disgraceful death if they gave public utterance to principles in which these soldiers have profound belief."

He adds that they must have felt that "fighting for freedom" was a mockery under these circumstances.

Turning his attention to Britain, Lloyd George writes that rumors are heard that "there is a disposition in high quarters to emulate the folly of the French government in fettering the press and persecuting the free expression of opinion."

Protests against this tendency have been appearing throughout the press this week.

Lloyd George brands such a policy as "sheer madness."

He refers to the part played by press criticism in overthrowing the "fatuously Chamberlain government" and adds that the "fact that men who were the chief architects of our misfortunes are even now holding exalted positions in the present government constitutes a real source of weakness at a time when it is essential that the nation as a whole and every individual inside it should put forth the utmost exertion and fearlessly control every peril in order to win through."

Asking whether criticism is to be suppressed by Nazi methods, he says: "Is the war to be converted into a struggle between two Nazi systems—one of them efficient and the other not even yet effective?"

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gun by the Leningrad workers during the cold days of December, 1939. The workers of the Kirov plant had every right to recall this when discussing the appeal of the Central Council:

"We all still remember the days of struggle for Leningrad's complete safety, when the entire staff was ready to work any number of hours so as to give rapid and full help to the Red Army and the thoughts and feelings of his comrades:

"I say outright, this is what each of us has thought much about, what has troubled all who want really to work for themselves, for others, and for the country."

That is the point. Not by a stroke of the pen, not by orders from above as is now the case in all warring and non-belligerent countries, was the decision reached in the U.S.S.R. about the need of lengthening the working day, introducing the seven day week (six days of work and one day of rest). The initiative came from below—from the very midst of the working class.

This movement like every really popular movement was not born yesterday. Its roots go back to the years when the proletariat of Soviet Russia came to the defense of the newly-won power, of their liberation from the capitalists' exploitation and oppression.

The working class of the U.S.S.R. has kept a sharp eye on world events and answered them in its own fashion. The mass

conflict is leaping ever higher, which means that danger is growing for the U.S.S.R. as well. Time does not wait. We will give the country 12,500 more trucks which means the possibility of transporting 300,000 Red Army men, said the workers in the Stalin plant in Moscow.

The extra hours in three months alone will amount to 1,800,000 rubles worth of more ballbearings, decorated the workers in the Kaganovich plant.

Thirty thousand more trucks, calculated the staff of the Molotov Auto Plant in Gorki. More turbines, pieces of artillery, machine, coal, rifles and machine guns, more to load, more to transport—such is the reply of the workers of Kharov, Klev, and the longshoremen of the port of Odessa, the railway men, miners and metal workers of the Don Basin.

Ringing out confidently and calmly in this chorus are the voices of the food, textile, confectionery, boot and shoe and tailoring workers, all those who feed and clothe the country and supply it with all the objects of wide consumption. Because even in this nightmare of international conflict the Soviet Union is not experiencing the fever of a war economy, with its disruption between armaments and consumption. This is non-existent, all that exists is the steadfast consciousness of the need to make defense and economic might of the U.S.S.R.

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Ringing out confidently and calmly in this chorus are the voices of the food, textile, confectionery, boot and shoe and tailoring workers, all those who feed and clothe the country and supply it with all the objects of wide consumption. Because even in this nightmare of international conflict the Soviet Union is not experiencing the fever of a war economy, with its disruption between armaments and consumption. This is non-existent, all that exists is the steadfast consciousness of the need to make defense and economic might of the U.S.S.R.

They argued that workers on the

conflict is leaping ever higher, which means that danger is growing for the U.S.S.R. as well. Time does not wait. We will give the country 12,500 more trucks which means the possibility of transporting 300,000 Red Army men, said the workers in the Stalin plant in Moscow.

The extra hours in three months alone will amount to 1,800,000 rubles worth of more ballbearings, decorated the workers in the Kaganovich plant.

Thirty thousand more trucks, calculated the staff of the Molotov Auto Plant in Gorki. More turbines, pieces of artillery, machine, coal, rifles and machine guns, more to load, more to transport—such is the reply of the workers of Kharov, Klev, and the longshoremen of the port of Odessa, the railway men, miners and metal workers of the Don Basin.

Ringing out confidently and calmly in this chorus are the voices of the food, textile, confectionery

## Reelect Van Arsdale in Electrical Union

**Sweeps to Victory in Test Vote on Policies of Administration; Blasts Anti-Trust Indictments Against Union by Federal Government**

Harry Van Arsdale, Jr., business manager, and the entire administration slate of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, Local 3, were re-elected to office by overwhelming majorities Saturday.

The Van Arsdale vote was 9,189 against 1,823 votes cast for a scattering of opposition candidates. Despite the large administration vote, Van Arsdale ran far ahead of his ticket. Nearly 11,000 members of the union's 16,500 participated in the elections.

Balloting started at Manhattan Center, 34th Street and Eighth Avenue, at 8 A. M. and continued all through the day until 4 in the afternoon.

Interest in the election centered on the candidacy of Van Arsdale who resigned recently as business manager in order to seek re-election in a move to test the policies of his administration in the face of recent indictments and law suits brought against officers and representatives of the organization.

### ISSUES STATEMENT

When the results of the balloting was made public, Van Arsdale issued a statement which follows in part:

"For the past few years Local 3 has been the target of high-priced corporation lawyers, the National Electrical Manufacturers' Association, Thurman Arnold and other anti-labor forces. It was charged that a small group of officers dominated this union in violation of all the tenets of democratic procedure.

"Today's election in which thousands of members participated in an orderly exercise of their franchise, is proof that our policies have the overwhelming endorsement of the rank and file of this union. As such, it constitutes a direct and forceful reply to the anti-trust division of the Department of Justice that sought to create the impression that the leaders of this organization are a group of anti-social conspirators."

"Under the present leadership this union has grown from 6,000 members in 1934 to nearly 17,000 members today. We have established the six-hour day in the electrical construction industry and have increased the wages of our members, and secured other widespread social benefits for those engaged in various branches of the electrical business."

### ELECTION A MANDATE

"I accept the election results as a mandate to go forward in a more intense effort to organize the unorganized, to win better pay, shorter hours, and improved social conditions not only for our members but for workers everywhere."

"Other officers elected in the balloting include: Bert Kirkman, president; Natfield Bedsole, vice president; William A. Hogan, financial secretary; Jeremiah P. Sullivan, recording secretary; and William Beck, treasurer. All the present members of the executive board were returned to office. These include: John Chisholm, Martin Maia, Alexander Smalley, John Kapp, George Goodhart."

### TO DISCUSS WAR

### 57 Clubs to Attend

### Parley to Discuss

### Coming Elections

Tonight the Progressive Committee to Rebuild the American Labor Party will meet together with representatives from 17 ALP clubs in the city which support its program, to discuss the laws and the platform of the party in the coming fall elections.

It is expected that several up-state counties will also be represented.

The meeting will map plans for the three conventions that will meet some time this fall:

1-A convention of the New York State Committee to nominate candidates for president and vice president of the United States.

2-A convention of elected delegates to nominate a candidate for U. S. Senate to replace Senator Mead, and two Representatives-at-large.

3-A convention to nominate candidates for three state wide judicial posts.

Delegates to the last named conventions will be nominated in the September primaries.

Candidates for the State Senate and Assembly will also be nominated in the primaries.

### Water Main Breaks, Basements Flooded

The 38th St. block between Lexington and Third Aves. was closed to traffic and basements at 133, 135 and 145 E. 38th St. were flooded when a large water main burst at 1:50 A. M. yesterday.

### German Planes Raid Wide English Area

LONDON, Monday, July 1 (UP)—Enemy planes were reported over northeast England, northeast Scotland and Wales early today.

### Siegmeister Signed

Elie Siegmeister, composer, author,

and leader of the American Ballad Singers, has signed a contract with Modern Age Books, for a book which he is writing on "Music and the Average Man."

### WANT-ADS

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Weekly Column Devoted to Interests of Rail Labor

**"KEY" RAILROAD BILL DEBATED**

THE joint Senate-House Conference Committee on the "Omnibus" Transportation Bill, S. 2009, held a brief session last week. After brief debate about restoring the consolidation section of the measure the committee adjourned following an agreement to meet again after the recess of Congress. The recess is for the duration of the conventions of the Democratic and Republican parties.

The Conference Committee report to the House a few weeks ago left out the Consolidation Section and with it the provisions protecting the interests of rail labor. On May 9, 1940, the House of Representatives, by a vote of 200 to 182, re-committed the Conference Report with instructions to include in the report, among other things, the following revised labor protective provision:

**WORKERS' AMENDMENT**

"(f) As a prerequisite to its approval of any consolidation, merger, purchase, lease, operating contract, or acquisition of control, or any contract, agreement or combination, mentioned in this Section in respect to carriers by railroad subject to the provisions of Part I, and as a prerequisite to its approval of the substitution and use of another means of transportation for rail transportation proposed to be abandoned, the Commission shall require a fair and equitable arrangement to protect the interests of the railroad employees affected. In its order, or certificate, granting, approval or authorization of any transaction referred to in this paragraph, the Commission shall include terms and conditions providing that such transaction will not result in employees of said carrier or carriers being in a worse position with respect to their employment."

"Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, an agreement pertaining to the protection of the interests of said employees may hereafter be entered into by any carrier or carriers by railroad and the duly authorized representatives or representatives of its or their employees."

The above amendment to the consolidation section of this "key" bill received the backing of the railroad workers throughout the land. The fight for the inclusion of this labor protective provision was led by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, Order of Railway Conductors of America, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, Switchmen's Union of North America and the Order of Railroad Telegraphers.

The next session of the joint Conference Committee will bear close watching. We should leave nothing undone to make sure that every Congressman, whether in the Conference Committee or outside of it, knows that as far as railroad labor is concerned the position is clear:

If the bill is to be enacted into law it is a "must" to have the above quoted amendment included for protection of railway labor and the communities they live and work in.

**"CURSE OF WAR"**

The following letter is reprinted from "LABOR," official Washington weekly of fifteen Standard Railroad Labor Organizations:

To the Editor of LABOR:

"I am a minister of the Gospel and a consistent reader of LABOR. In these days of momentous decision for America there is a definite movement in the churches in the direction of peace, which, combined with that of the labor movement, may become strong enough to save our country from the curse of war."

"May your fine paper continue in its fearless policy of voicing the sentiments of the working people with regard to its determination to keep our troops out of Europe."

"Chicago, Ill."

G. A.

**WHITNEY RAPS HOOVER'S FBI**

President Whitney of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen has sent a strong protest to Congress against H. J. Resolution 553, introduced by Rep. Celler to authorize the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the U. S. Department of Justice to utilize wire-tapping as a means of conducting investigations in the interests of "national defense."

"Quite aside from the fact that wire-tapping is a device which lends itself to great abuse by even the most upright investigators, who, at times, violate the privacy of honest, law-abiding citizens, such a practice becomes reprehensible when exercised by known enemies of civil liberty," Whitney declares.

"I refer specifically to the F.B.I., whose present head [J. Edgar Hoover] achieved notoriety for the part which he played during the period of the infamous Palmer 'Red raids' after the World War. While he has since won more public favor because of the well-publicized exploits of his 'G-men' against underworld characters, he has also come in for much deserved criticism for the night arrest of a number of Detroit citizens and for certain other activities."

"At a time when war hysteria is sweeping the country, let us not rashly legislate away our liberties, nor become panicky." (Emphasis ours—A. S.)

**THANKS A MILLION**

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation to the railroaders and their wives who have written to us in the last two weeks and our thanks for the subscriptions to the Daily Worker enclosed with every letter.

**ATTENTION E.L.P.**—We have made arrangements to obtain DETAILED information to answer your inquiry. As quickly as we get it you shall read about it in this column. We will also send you additional information by mail.—A.S.

**SUBSCRIBE NOW**

Special Introductory Offer

**MONDAY ISSUE** containing the railroad column, "Listen"

**35 WEEKS FOR ONE DOLLAR**

Daily and Sunday Worker ..... 6 WEEKS FOR ONE DOLLAR

Send me the  Daily & Sunday Worker for 6 weeks,

Monday Daily Worker for 35 weeks.

I am enclosing ONE DOLLAR (stamps, check, cash, money order).

Name ..... State .....

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MAIL NOW TO THE

**DAILY WORKER**

35 East 12th Street, New York City

**4,500,000 Soviet Workers Admitted to Rest Homes**

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, June 30.—This year more than 4,500,000 working people, that is, every seventh worker and office employee of the Soviet Union, will be sent to rest homes and sanatoria of the U.S.S.R. at the expense of the state social insurance fund. The state has allocated 886,000,000 rubles or 52,000,000 rubles more than last year to send the workers and office employees to rest homes and sanatoria in 1940.

This year, too, 403,600,000 rubles will be spent on organizing summer health measures for children and on children's rest homes and sanatoria. Over one and a half million children of workers and office employees leave this year for pioneer camps and thousands of children will rest and receive treatment in children's rest homes and sanatoria.

**Seattle, Chicago Hit Conscription**

**Unions Back Youth in Denouncing FDR Plan**

(Continued from Page 1)

"These same young people need jobs or further schooling that will build toward a stable future, not toward war."

Urging the President to withdraw his support from the militaristic plan and instead to back passage of the American Youth Act, the executive committee of the Youth Council declared:

"We believe the AYA is a step toward fulfilling the needs of youth and building a stable citizenry."

Warning of the ominous ramifications of the President's latest war maneuver, Amer Wahl, chairman of the Youth Welfare Council, said:

"If Roosevelt's plan to conscript America's youth goes over, it is the first step to fascize the whole of American life. This proposal is modeled after the Hitler program of compulsory training, forced labor camps, and the harnessing of all aspects of national economy to the war machine."

While the President is now willing to spend billions to Hitlerize American life, Wahl recalled, he had labelled the American Youth Act for jobs, education and vocational training "Utopian."

**USEFUL FUTURE**

"The American Youth Act would provide young people with training for constructive, useful work with a future of life, not death, at a total cost far below Roosevelt's conscription plans."

In a fiery letter to the President and the Washington delegation in Congress, A. E. Harding, secretary of District Council No. 1 and newly-elected president of the Maritime Federation, charged:

"Such a program is all too similar to the strength by joy movement of forced labor camps for boys and girls, and forced military training for boys, established by Hitler in Germany."

"We in the U. S. condemn Nazi dictatorship of Germany and correctly so. Therefore, our position would be extremely untenable to force such a program in the U. S. as it would be a long step toward a totalitarian state," Harding declared.

The Maritime Federation is urging all its affiliates to back youth now resisting the lash of a war machine.

**NEIGHBORHOOD GROUPS HOLD RALLY**

(Continued from Page 1)

a leaflet distributed throughout the neighborhood and issued by the sponsoring groups. Pointing out that "93 per cent of the American people want peace," the leaflet, urging attendance at the meeting, declared:

"We can make this a REALITY, in spite of those whose desire for profits is placed above the welfare of THE AMERICAN PEOPLE!"

At the meeting, a Rogers Park Peace Committee was formed, and delegates were elected to the Chicago Peace Congress June 29 at the LaSalle Hotel.

The resolution described President Roosevelt's announcement that he is planning compulsory conscription and military training for all young men and women as "one of the most far-reaching measures toward immediate involvement in the war that has yet been proposed." It continued:

"Against this regimentation of the youth of our nation for involvement in war, we . . . assert our rights under our democratic form of government to protest and ask for immediate cessation of all moves toward our involvement in war."

"And furthermore we ask that you, Mr. President, build our defense of democracy by providing for our youth jobs, security and the preservation of civil liberties."

In addition to being sent to Roosevelt, copies of the resolution were sent to Secretary of State Cordell Hull and Illinois Congressmen and Senators.

**West Coast Marine Union Calls Walkout**

(Continued from Page 1)

ing agreement with the exception of the issues of an eight-hour day, control of the hiring hall and control of key workers. These issues, the union said, had been settled in arbitration proceedings in 1934.

The union has been working under an extended agreement since last October during negotiations for a new working agreement.

Strike sanction was granted by the Maritime Federation of the Pacific when discussions became deadlocked on the terms applying to key personnel.

Only ships which would be permitted to operate under the strike would be those of foreign lines, coastwise lumber schooners, and those working under East Coast agreements.



**CROSSROADS IN MAINE:** The highroads of the world come together on this signpost in Lynchville, Maine, in the Sebago-Lake region. All the names exist and the distances are accurate.

**Head of Detroit FBI Asks Blacklists From Police**

**Calls for Illegalization of Communist Party; Hoodlums Attack Headquarters of Workers Alliance, Ransack CIO Offices**

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., June 30.—Speaking before a gathering of chiefs of police in Michigan convening here, John Bugas, chief of the Detroit division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation asked the assembled chiefs to gather all information about "subversive" groups and ship it to him. He also called for the illegalization of the Communist Party.

Bugas declared that "although it is not a crime at the present time to belong in the United States to the Communist Party or Nazi Bund, developments in the next six months may make information regarding the membership rolls of these groups invaluable to police officials."

He said that he expected police departments to report from all over the country the full names and addresses of all persons overheard speaking favorably of Communism.

Speaking at the same conference was the well known fascist Gerald L. K. Smith, one-time member of Hitler's Silver Shirts. Working out steps to launch attacks against the civil liberties of Michigan Communists and progressive groups, the police chiefs decided to set up a network of spies, amateur radio broadcasters, suspect lists and all the program for a blitzkrieg on workers' organizations.

The conference went on record demanding that the Communist Party be outlawed, but the resolutions committee somehow "forgot" to call for outlawing the Nazi Bund, as Bugas and Gerald L. K. Smith had "requested."

In line with this preparation for strangling democratic laws and demands in the state, Prosecutor Roach, stooge of General Motors in Flint, is large appealing to county prosecutors throughout the state to begin "examining" Communist Party petitions, such as he is doing.

Roach, after a week of "examining" Party petitions in Flint, has "found" only 50 that the signers have stated were "misrepresented to the meeting, declared:

"We can make this a REALITY, in spite of those whose desire for profits is placed above the welfare of THE AMERICAN PEOPLE!"

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"And furthermore we ask that you, Mr. President, build our defense of democracy by providing for our youth jobs, security and the preservation of civil liberties."

In addition to being sent to Roosevelt, copies of the resolution were sent to Secretary of State Cordell Hull and Illinois Congressmen and Senators.

**By I. Amter**

The most splendid contribution to American thought in the year 1940 is "The Second Imperialist War," by Comrade Browder, General Secretary of the Communist Party.

This book uses a keen blade in analyzing political and social forces in operation not only in our country but on a world-wide scale. It exposes the machinations of the reactionary governments, the intrigues of the monopolists against the people and the utilization of the Fifth Column for undermining the aspirations and program of the democratic forces.

The dialectical process going on in capitalist society makes the analysis of Comrade Browder so much more needed because of the developments that have taken place on a world-wide scale since the outbreak of the war in September. Today, with the defeat of France and the Low Land countries, and the exposure of French reactionary government by the British government, and vice versa, the masses all over the world know who the Fifth Column are. Not the Communists; not the militant trade unionists. On the contrary, the Fifth Column lodged very high in the top circles of the French and British governments. Such traitors as Petain, Gamelin, Reynaud, Weygand, Yergerenay, Herriot, Blum—and their colleagues in the British government, Chamber-

lain, Attlee, Greenwood, Churchill, et al., these are the Fifth Column, who, in the interest of fascism, have betrayed their people.

**THE ALTERNATIVE IS SLAVERY**

The struggle against these people, who are the representatives of monopoly capital, is not simple.

"History has never given us any guarantee, nor have the greatest masters of history, Marx, Engels, Lenin or Stalin, that progress will be or can be an automatic and painless process, without defeat or setbacks, and without cost to the people of the world . . ."

"The alternative (to struggle) is slavery and spiritual death," says Browder.

How true this is, in light of the present situation. And how different it would have been if the imperialists, as Comrade Browder declares, and particularly the U. S. Government, had united with the Soviet Union in stopping the aggressors. But the reactionaries consider the interest not of their people, not of peace, but only of the monopoly capitalists who are now trying to drown the people in blood in order that they may continue to retain control.

The reason given by Comrade Browder is clear.

"Because they (the monopolists) know quite well the extremely precarious situation of European capitalism, they know that this war is placing the Socialist revolution on the order of the day there as a

practical question. They are preparing to come to the rescue of their class brothers in Europe against the rise of the revolutionary working-class."

The enemies of progress assail the Communists for their internationalism. Comrade Browder shows how the internationalism of Jefferson and Lincoln and their understanding of the need of unity of the workers and the people of the world, laid the only basis for the struggle for progress in the United States.

Comrade Browder, in answer to the charges against our Party, says:

"Because we are becoming every day better Americans, we are also becoming better internationalists; because we were internationalists, we were able to become Americans in the truest and most profound sense."

In a short review it is impossible to deal with such a splendid book as "The Second Imperialist War."

It must be read and studied not only by every Communist but every serious investigator into the conditions of modern society.

It is just because of the incisive touch of Comrade Browder that the enemies of progress under the Roosevelt government and their Republican allies, want to make it impossible for Comrade Browder to write and speak. What this will mean, Comrade Browder has already stated.

"If they can close my mouth, can silence the Communists by such

methods, then no one in America will long feel secure in his civil liberties, and those who want to bring America into the imperialist war will soon have a free hand."

**A LESSON TO LEARN**

&lt;p

## Many Methods Used in Party Fund Drive

### Check for \$1,000 Sent for Anti-War Fund from Boston

Many and various are the ways in which funds are raised for the Communist Party, according to lively fund drive bulletins now being issued by many sections in Brooklyn in connection with the Party's campaign for a \$300,000 anti-war fund.

Section 80's two-page bulletin, "Fundamentals," advises that a member will give you "a spick and span laundry bundle and credit 25 per cent of the total cost to your individual drive quota."

Or else, you can go to a comrade barber "who will trim your hair with style and skill and what is more to the point, discount 20 per cent of the bill for the drive."

The 1st A.D.'s trenchant bulletin, "Drive On!" advertises the services of a licensed beautician "who has offered to go to town on the face and figure of any and all comers and to donate the proceeds to the drive."

#### AND ON VACATION

Going to the movies, boat rides, beach parties, fishing trips and picnics, all help swell the fund when organized by Party members. And those who are lucky enough to take a vacation of a week or two are reminded by the 2nd A.D.'s provocative bulletin, "Hya Doin'," that there are mail boxes and that "vacation spots are swell places to collect for the drive."

While no fund-raising source is overlooked by those who fully realize the profound connection between the drive for funds and the drive to keep America out of war, all bulletins are agreed that there is no substitute for self-sacrifice and persistent work.

In urging all employed Party members to contribute a day's pay to the drive, Manhattan's "Red Comet," published by the 2nd A.D., observes: "You can't ask the next fellow to do it if you don't do it yourself."

From Hya Doin' comes the suggestion that employed Party members fill the anti-war chest by contributing a total of 5 days' pay.

#### BOSTON SENDS A CHECK

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BOSTON, Mass., June 30.—A check for one thousand dollars was pledged by Greater Boston branches for the Party and Daily Worker drive and has been forwarded. This money was raised in one week's time as an answer to the despicable bombing of the Daily Worker premises. Branches that responded immediately to the appeal were Boston branches, Cambridge, Peabody, Lynn, New Bedford and Fall River. The District Committee of the Communist Party urges all branches, city committees and state organizations to speed up the drive on the second thousand dollars. The District Committee issued a special four-page leaflet entitled "Who Fights Hitler." This leaflet receiving is an excellent response among the masses, necessitating a second printing. The leaflet is now being issued in the Jewish language. Fifty thousand leaflets have already been issued.

## Remington Rand To Disband Its Company Unions

WASHINGTON, June 30 (UPI).—The National Labor Relations Board announced today that Remington Rand, Inc., Buffalo, N. Y., had agreed to a board order to disband nine company union organizations.

The organization are the Middle-town, Conn., Remington Rand Employees Association; Elmira, N. Y., Precision Tool Workers' Association; Tonawanda, N. Y., Workers Assn. of Remington Rand; Workers Committee of Remington Rand Employees, Tonawanda; Association of Remington Rand Employees, Ilion, N. Y., Plant No. 1 and Plant No. 2; Association of Remington Rand Employees, Syracuse, N. Y.; Joint Executive Council of Independent Association of Employees of Remington Rand, Inc., Elmira and Central Executive Council of Remington Rand Employees Association, Elmira.

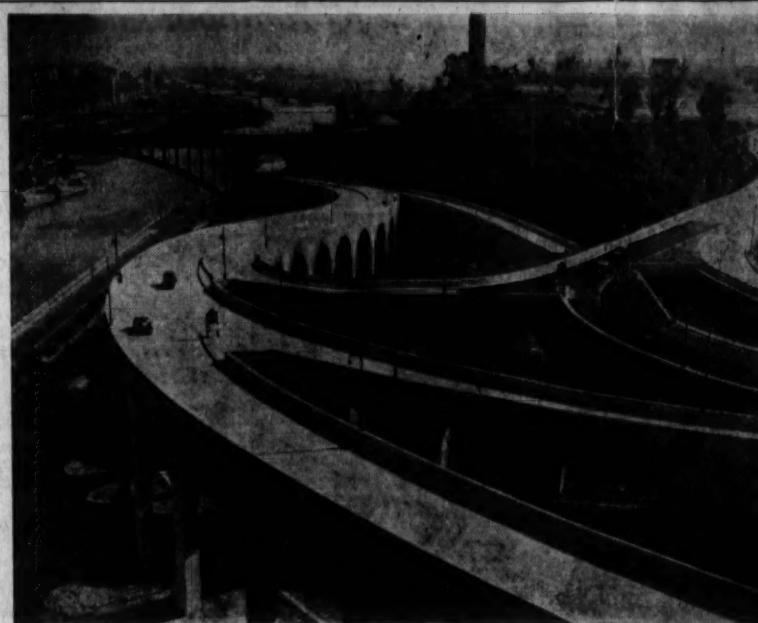
The company agreed in the stipulation to post notices within 75 days in each of its plants, informing its employees that they were free to join any labor organization.

## Knox, Stimson Appointments Up To Senate Today

WASHINGTON, June 30 (UPI).—Congress reconvenes tomorrow for what threatens to be a stormy session overtoned by politics and world unrest.

The Senate's major business will be confirming President Roosevelt's two Republican appointees to his new "national solidarity" Cabinet, Col. Frank Knox as Secretary of the Navy and Henry L. Stimson as Secretary of War.

They are almost certain to be confirmed.



**NEW TRAFFIC VIADUCT:** The ribbon of roads to and from the cross-town vehicular tunnel at the George Washington Bridge, newest link in the city's elaborate system of highways.

## YCL'ers Jump the Gun on Their Fund Campaign by Raising \$1,527.47

"Funds for Peace Action Now—Save America's Youth."

That's the theme of the \$22,000 financial campaign of the Young Communist League, New York State, which will be officially launched today.

Although the campaign will not open until today, the enthusiastic YCL'ers have not let a little thing like a formal opening prevent them from starting their fund raising in a bang-up way.

Since the State Convention of the League, where the fund campaign was projected and accepted, \$1,527.47 has been raised by four counties in pre-drive activity. The divisions which have contributed to this total are Queens, Industrial, North and South Brooklyn. All money raised thus far represents day's pay collections from League members, which is the main activity of the first month of the drive.

The Industrial division, composed

of the trade-union branches of the YCL, has already raised over 50 per cent, or \$519, of its quota of \$1,000. Queens with a similar quota of \$1,000 has thus far raised \$302.09, or almost one-third of the mark it originally set for itself. Brooklyn, now divided into two boroughs, North and South, out of a collective quota of \$10,500 has raised \$706.38 in its pre-drive fund activity to date.

Because of the progress which the campaign has shown in its preparatory period, Queens and Industrial are increasing their quotas and each is confident that it will go over a \$1,500 by election day.

In addition to the day's pay collections from every employed YCL'er during July, three other major methods will be used by the League in its campaign for \$22,000. During August and September the main activity will be centered around a vest-pocket "Dime a Day" bank.

The Browder-Ford certificate books will be utilized during October. Late in October, as well, each branch in planning a gall broadcast party with the aim of raising a minimum of \$15 at every affair.

In a letter to the branches issued this week by John Gates, executive secretary of the New York YCL, the financial campaign was placed before the membership as a "major political responsibility of our League."

"The financial campaign of the Young Communist League," said Gates, "as its name—Save America's Youth—Fund for Peace Action Now—clearly indicates, is an anti-war fund. It is, more than that, an election campaign fund and an organizational fund for our League."

"Approach it correctly, understand it thoroughly, organize it effectively," stressed Gates to the YCL, "then the success of our financial campaign will be assured."

Pledging their eagerness "to make their contribution, even, if it be necessary, with their lives to the defense of American democracy and to the protection of our free institutions," the Industrial Insurance Agents Union, Local 30, UOPWA, CIO sent a letter to President Roosevelt today requesting that in this country, "men in high places must not be permitted, while secretly sharing fascism's hatred for labor and for the liberties and rights of the people, to hide behind the 'Trojan Horse' of super-patriotism and super-patriotism."

The letter specifically singles out the Union as the "blitzkrieg," and "Trojan Horse" "invasions" and "aggressions" against the rights of their employees by the officers of the five-billion dollar Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, whose trial on charges of discharging 46 agents for union activity, fostering a company union, and discriminating against union members, is now being heard before the New York State Labor Relations Board.

The union also points to amendments to the Wagner Act passed in the House of Representatives as a stab in the back of labor and an imitation of the "Hitler" method of dividing and weakening the organizations of the people."

The letter, signed by John D. Stox, President of the Union, and Leon W. Berney, General Organizer of the Union, was adopted by the Union's Executive Board and a copy of the letter was mailed out today to each of the 5,000 industrial insurance agents in Greater New York. A complete copy of the text of the letter, as it was mailed out today, is contained in the enclosed copy of the official Union newspaper.

Willkie's election, he said, would mean the "destruction of TVA and the destruction of every other similar undertaking in the United States." Norris closed with a prediction that the election and campaign would be "pretty rough."

Senator Edwin C. Johnson (Dem., Colo.) said, however, that Senator Burton K. Wheeler, of Montana, was the only Democrat who could defeat Willkie.

He said that failure of the Democrats to select a non-interventionist presidential candidate would result in the creation of a third party—a "peace party."

Johnson said that Willkie was vulnerable because of his "Wall Street connections and his attitude toward war." To win, he added, the Democrats must "make the most of his weaknesses."

Approximately 1,000 workers in the Rooming House Industry today pocketed \$10,000 in back pay, due to an award handed down by an arbitrator's decision. The award granted to members of the Hotel Service Employees Union, Local 32-A, called for a blanket increase of five per cent in salary retroactive to March 1st, 1940, which will remain in force until February 28th, 1941.

Other gains registered were one

and two week vacations depending upon length of service, and for the first time in the history of the labor movement two holidays are provided for in a 24 hour, 7 day a week service industry.

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MONDAY, JULY 1, 1940

## China Fights Against A Munich in Asia

China has warned that if Japan tries to grab Indo-China and turn it into a slave pen for Tokio banks, it will move in to protect itself and Indo-China.

This courageous warning hits not only the Japanese invaders, but the powerful nations like America and Britain which are conspiring to aid Japan in its conquest of China.

The Roosevelt Government is helping Japan invade China by supplying its armies with munitions. Similarly, the British are scheming with Japan to slice up China and Indo-China, provided Japan acts as a trigger-man for England in the Far East.

Both the Roosevelt Government and London are perfectly willing to stage a treacherous Munich against China in the Far East. The beleaguered China government, on the other hand, desperately defending its independence against invasion by Tokio, steps forward against this combined menace of Tokio invasion and U. S.-London Munichism.

This one incident alone, practically ignored by the capitalist press, shows how false are the claims that the Roosevelt Government is interested in halting aggression against national independence. By betraying China to Japanese invasion, U. S. imperialism shows its contempt for the independence of nations. It thus shows its own aggressive aims.

## Anti-Semitism Gets A Green Light Signal

The acquittal of the so-called Christian Front defendants a few days ago cannot be lightly dismissed by an American who claims to be interested in keeping America free of anti-Semitism.

That ardent copyist of Hitler's propaganda, Father Coughlin, has already given the signal in his "Social Justice" in the form of a prophecy. He predicts that the acquittal will result in a "wave of anti-Semitism." He ought to know. He will be one of its organizers.

And—here is the important new development—the government officials at Washington have given the go-ahead signal to Coughlin for this "wave of anti-Semitism."

Can any honest person dare to ignore the plain fact it was Attorney-General Robert H. Jackson's lieutenant who "prosecuted" the anti-Semites in such a flabby manner that they were almost assured of an acquittal.

Can any person overlook the sinister significance of the praise which Coughlin's own magazine gave to the U. S. officials who were supposed to be prosecuting these un-American hooligans? Did not "Social Justice" wink to its readers that "neither the government of the U. S. nor the FBI of the Department of Justice had any enthusiasm for the prosecution"? (July 1.)

How is it possible for any person to maintain any illusions in the face of these facts?

The fact is that the Coughlin anti-Semites and the officials of the U. S. Government have been rapidly approaching a practical "understanding" with each other. This sinister alliance reaches straight up to the highest Washington circles. "Anti-Communist" slander is the bond which binds Coughlin and the government agencies together.

The government must hear the firm demand of decent Americans that the remaining defendants be tried immediately, and that the pro-fascist fountain-head of them all—Coughlin himself—be brought to the dock before the American people.

Here is the crucial challenge—

WHY DOES NOT THE GOVERNMENT INVESTIGATE THE ANTI-SEMITIC ACTIVITIES OF COUGHLIN?

## Leon Blum Awaits His Next Assignment

Mr. Leon Blum has arrived in London. He is safe. He is no doubt taking up his quarters in one of the best hotels.

As leader of the French "Socialist" betrayers, he performed his task of leading the French working class into the shambles of imperialist war. Shouting "Socialism," he hog-tied French labor to the chariot of French finance. He finished this job by leaving the French working class to the tender mercies of the Hitler invader.

As a sort of finishing touch before he took flight, he made sure that the French police would hunt down the French Communists—just as the German army of occupation is now hunting them down in Paris. In this sacred cause of crushing the working class revolution and its Communist representatives, Leon Blum and Hitler's Gestapo have no real differences.

Blum was delighted with the Munich agreement which brought France to her pres-

ent plight. He calmly helped to strangle Republican Spain.

With these trophies in his hands, Blum, with the true instinct of a wealthy lawyer of the Second International, now goes to the headquarters of the British Empire. He wants to be close to the Bank of England. He joins his traitors-in-exile, the German Socialist leaders who turned Germany over to Hitler even as Blum turned France over to Petain and Hitler together. To the "Socialist" leaders of America, this makes him a hero.

With supreme loyalty to his financial masters of capitalism, he awaits his next assignment in treachery.

## Mr. Jones Is Ready to Oblige

Just at the moment when Washington officials have been informing American home owners that "there are no funds" for the extension of loans, Mr. Roosevelt's chief of the RFC announces that he is ready to lend large sums to munitions manufacturers.

There has been "lots of discussion" between the industrialists and the government on this point, says Mr. Jesse Jones. Everything is all set.

Naturally, this is wonderful for the munitions manufacturers. Their capital risk is reduced to a minimum; the people's money is handed to them on a platter for them to coin huge war profits out of.

Later on, the government will have the big job of collecting—if at all. There are millions of dollars of former RFC loans to banks and railroads still unpaid.

To cap it all, Mr. Jones, with the obvious approval of the White House, according to the delighted Wall Street Journal, says "the RFC has sufficient funds to handle any demands for capital to carry out the defense program."

The housing program has been ditched. Relief has been cut by more than a billion dollars. Schools, hospitals, highways, have been scrapped. But there stands Mr. Jesse Jones, smiling and eager, ready to deliver hundreds of millions of dollars from the U. S. Treasury to the profit-grabbers of the "defense" program!

Watch the rush, Mr. and Mrs. America. But it is not for you. You will have to organize and raise your voices to stop this profit scheme, and win adequate attention for your needs.

## Letters From Our Readers

### Mothers and Fathers Must Save Sons From War

Chicago, Ill.

Editor, Daily Worker:

It takes eighteen to twenty years to raise a boy big enough to shoulder a gun and go out to kill other men. No matter what pretty phrases we dress it up in the taking of a human life—is murder and all the high sounding speeches in the world can not make it anything else.

Now is the time for the mothers and fathers of the generation to decide whether or not they raised their sons to manhood only to have them killed and their bodies used for fertilizer or whether they intend their children to have useful lives doing good work and helping civilization march ahead.

MRS. P.

### Wants "All Quiet on Western Front" in "Daily"

Chicago, Ill.

Editor, Daily Worker:

If you are going to run another serial in the Daily Worker it might be a good time to run "All Quiet on the Western Front," because it is a novel which is very realistic and shows the utter futility of imperialistic wars.

I. P.

### Says Willkie Will Run Liberalism Out of Gov't

New York City.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Wendell Willkie is the presidential nominee. We will soon be hearing that we should let a real business man run the government. What they mean, of course, is run the liberals—right out of government.

N. W.

### Petain and Company No Loss to Liberty

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

The surrender of France, and the imminent invasion of England, have called forth wailing in this country over the corpse of human liberty. But liberty is not dead. There is not even a hair singed on her precious head. Petain, Weygand, Baudoin, Churchill and Chamberlain live on—Inglorious.

M.

### Outdoor Meetings Bring Italians Close to Party

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Our branch in East New York has been holding some outdoor meetings in an Italian neighborhood lately and the response of the people is swell. We have made at each meeting new friends.

I am reminded of how I joined the Communist Party. I attended some outdoor meetings and then wanted to attend regular branch meetings too.

M. R.

### WPA Worker Passes 'Daily' Around, Wins Readers

Grand Marais, Minn.

Editor, Daily Worker:

I am working in a WPA camp, which is located ninety miles from the nearest railroad. Because of such isolated circumstances, the role of the Daily Worker is very important here.

At first only one or two read the copy that I received. But that one copy stimulated discussions and aroused interest in the present events. Now eight of the nine occupants read the Daily Worker.

Let us multiply the circulation of the Daily Worker. It is the greatest guide the American workers can obtain to help them solve their problems.

W. H. N.

## TEAMWORK

by Gropper



Reprinted by request

News Item: President Roosevelt signs Smith Bill for fingerprinting and registering foreign born Americans, threatening liberties of all native Americans.

## Baltic-Americans Here Hail USSR For Protecting Their Native Homelands

In Liepaja demolished the barrack's equipment just before the Red Army detachments were to take up quarters there under the provisions of the Mutual Assistance Pact. On the streets of Liepaja the spirit of Ulmanis dogged every step of the Red Army men and hounded and persecuted every Latvian who dared to meet and talk with any Red Army man.

In Estonia, a certain Mr. Harris was engaged to teach English at the Tartu University. He got his salary from England and his main activity was propaganda and spying against the Soviet Union.

When the most brazen provocation of all came to light, that the three governments had secretly maintained and developed a military agreement directed against the Soviet Union, the latter acted at once with all necessary energy to secure the removal of the criminal violators of the Mutual Assistance Pact and to have such governments formed which would honestly guarantee and implement the proper enforcement of the Facts.

Once more the steps taken by the Soviet Union immediately reacted to the greatest benefit for the people of Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia.

The new popular government in Lithuania, headed by Paleckis, has already freed the political prisoners who were persecuted and tortured by Smetona for their adherence to democratic ideals and their struggle for the rights and interests of the common people. Fascist appointees of fugitive Smetona are being removed from posts of authority and local government bodies are in the process of democratization. The government of Paleckis is also taking quick steps for democratic elections to a new national parliament.

The new popular government in Latvia, headed by Klichenstein, and in Estonia, headed by Dr. Vares, have also freed the political prisoners in their countries and will, no doubt, work for the full democratization of their countries.

That is why the newly-arriving detachments of the Red Army were joyously hailed as liberators by the Lithuanian, Latvian and Estonian masses.

That is why all progressive Lithuanians, Latvians and Estonians in America are also rejoicing.

We know that the honest enforcement of implementation of the Mutual Assistance Pact with the Soviet Union and the establishment of popular democratic governments will safeguard the independence of Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia. They will save these countries from the terrible fate of other small nations like Norway, Denmark, Holland and Belgium, each of which was tied up with one or the other group of warring imperialist powers.

Only a few weeks ago, the New York Times proposed conscription. You unprecedently endorsed the editorial of the same. After this tacit endorsement you further went forward and proposed that it be placed in the form of a bill.

"I certainly need three breaths to keep up with you. I sometimes wonder whether you see the outcome of this pace."

J. E. S.

## Readers Hit War Drive

### Condems President's Drive for War

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

The world-shaking events are moving in such a pace that I have to get my third breath in order to keep up with them.

"Only a few weeks ago, the New York Times proposed conscription. You unprecedently endorsed the editorial of the same. After this tacit endorsement you further went forward and proposed that it be placed in the form of a bill.

"I certainly need three breaths to keep up with you. I sometimes wonder whether you see the outcome of this pace."

J. E. S.

### Roosevelt Speaks Only For Wall Street

Long Island City

Editor, Daily Worker:

"You claim you are speaking for the American people, of whom the majority desires to participate in this war. You know and everybody else knows this is not true. You are speaking only for Wall Street.

"Mr. President, I appeal to you to reconsider and retrace your steps—go back to the policies for which you were so greatly admired and thereby maintain the integrity and respect of the American people and the world."

J. S.

### Uses 'Daily' to Organize for Him

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

The Daily Worker is getting better and better. I let the Daily Worker do my work in convincing people. I buy two "Dailies" every day—I put one paper in the door of a tenant in the morning and then in the evening, when I finish my own paper, I leave it in the subway.

H. C. N.

### Anti-Alien Bills Rights of All Americans

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

The anti-alien bill, just signed by President Roosevelt has completely nullified the political, social and economic rights for the American people. What is more it serves for an attack for all American citizens, especially labor.

S. K.



# Seven Yanks Named to American League 'All Star' Team

**Reps Placed Ahead  
Of '40 Deeds, With  
A Few Exceptions**

Omission of Such Players as McCoskey, Tebbetts,  
Weatherly, Smith in Favor of Big  
Names Unfair

By Lester Rodney

The American League All-Star team for next week's game with the Nationals was released this morning and shows a sort of compromise between the selection of men with past reputations and those who have really done things these years. Here is the team as sent to the newspapers with seven pitchers, three catchers, eight infielders, six outfielders and no indication as to what the starting line-up will be.

The squad:

**PITCHERS** — Red Ruffing, Yankees; Monte Pearson, Yankees; Bob Feller, Indians; Al Milner, Indians; Buck Newsom, Tigers; Tommy Bridges, Tigers; Dutch Leonard, Senators.

**CATCHERS** — Bill Dickey, Yankees; Rollie Hemsley, Indians; Frank Hayes, Athletics.

**INFILDEERS** — Joe Gordon, Yankees; Red Rolfe, Yankees; Lou Boudreau, Indians; Ray Mack, Indians; Ken Keltner, Indians; Jimmy Foxx, Red Sox; Luke Appling, White Sox; George McQuinn, Browns.

**OUTFIELDERS** — Joe DiMaggio, Yankees; Charlie Keller, Yankees; Ted Williams, Red Sox; Roger Cramer, Red Sox; Lou Finney, Red Sox; Hank Greenberg, Tigers.

**MANAGER** — Joe Cronin, Red Sox.

There are some obvious injustices in the naming of players with big names over men who have actually been of all star caliber this year. About the most blatant is the omission of Detroit's centerfielder Barney McCoskey. This second year man is hitting a sensational .352 and his fielding has not been below the standards of Joe DiMaggio and Roger Cramer, who are hitting .302 and .319.

There can be no quarrel with the naming of Foxx and McQuinn as second sackers. Johnny Mack of course belongs at second but you might work up a hot debate over the inclusion of Joe Gordon this year instead of the Red Sox Bobby Doerr. Chief argument in favor of Joe previously had been his greater extra base proclivities, but that's missing this year so far and Doerr is outshining him by 15 points. Luke Appling and Lou Beaudreau are clearly the shortstop class of the league, and third base is such a free for all that the selection of Rolfe and Keltner may be as good as any, though Cliff seems to rate over the redhead on the basis of this year's performance.

The Indians have a beef coming in the exclusion of center field Weatherly, a ball hawk who is clouting at a .320 clip. With all credit to Bill Dickey's past greatness, he doesn't rate an all star post this year. Detroit's Birdie Tebbetts has been incomparably better. Nor is it apparent how Red Ruffing, who has been hit hard and has a record of six and six, over Cleve-land's Al Smith, at nine and one, or

**HOW COME?**



**BARNEY McCOSKEY** is slugging the ball at a .332 clip and fielding sensationally for the Detroit Tigers but six other outfielders are named on the American League "All Star" team.

**Tain't right.**

**Rodney's A.L. Team  
of Last Week**

Here is the American League All Star "accomplishments not reputations" team selected last week by Lester Rodney:

|  |               |
|--|---------------|
| 1st Team                                   | 2nd Team      |
| Foxx                                       | Ib. McQuinn   |
| Mack                                       | 2b. Doerr     |
| Appling                                    | ss. Boudreau  |
| Clift                                      | 3b. Lewis     |
| Williams                                   | lf. Greenberg |
| McCoskey                                   | c. Weatherly  |
| Finney                                     | r.f. Radcliff |
| Hayes                                      | e. Tebbetts   |
| Pitchers: Feller, Milner, Newsom, Leonard. |               |

even the Red Sox's rookie Herb Hash, at seven and four.

Pardon the carpings, boys. But just what is a 1940 All Star team supposed to mean?

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## CAMP Lakeland

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CITY OFFICE: 80 Fifth Ave., Room 1208. GRamerky 5-2898

## RESORT GUIDE

**CAMP LINCOLN**, Sylvan Lake, Hopewell Junction, N. Y. Lake Fronts, swimming, boating, sports. OLInville 2-7314

**THE HEALTH REST**, Spring Valley, N. Y. Phone: Nanuet 987. State Children's camp. Alfred O Morris, Manager.

**DELAWARE**, Valley House, Frenchtown, N. J. Beautiful grounds; improvements, good food; \$12 weekly, \$2 daily. H. Charles, Prop.

**VILLA GARIBOLDI**, Pleasantville, N. Y., near Lake Modena. Rooms and playground. Popular prices. Call STarr 2-3979. Newburg 4223-J-2. For information at Pleasantville ask in P. O. By car: Route 9W and 32. By train, boat and bus to Newburgh.

**MAPLE REST HOUSE**, Beautiful grounds; all camp activities for girls. \$14 adults; \$10 children. St. 2-2121

# SPORTS

## DAILY WORKERS

### SPURS

NEW YORK, MONDAY, JULY 1, 1940

# DODGERS, GIANTS AND YANKS SPLIT

## A's Cop in 10th After Yanks Win 1st in 9th

Babich Beats Pearson in 3-2 Nightcap Duel—  
Keller's Hit in 9th Wins Opener for  
Breuer, 4-3

The Philadelphia A's put across a run in the 10th inning of the nightcap at the Stadium yesterday to split a pair of thrilling games and end the champs' young winning streak at four.

Johnny Babich, ex-Dodger, hurled a beautiful game in beating Monte Pearson 3-2. In the opening Marvin Bruer had a game pulled out of the fire for him in the ninth when Charley Keller's hit scored the tying and winning runs off young Porter Vaughan, fresh from the University of Richmond. 26,588 saw the game.

The Yanks scored two on the sensational young left hander in the fourth of the opener without benefit of a hit. Gordon's walk, a wild pitch, infield out, misguided fielder's choice by Rubeling, error by Vaughan and force play was the conglomeration that gave the champs a 2-0 lead.

The A's scored one in the sixth when Vaughan singled, was forced by Brancato, who came over on hits by Moses and Johnson. It was even then 'till the ninth when the A's came from behind to take the lead. Johnson doubled and with one out, Hayes bounced a single off Rolfe, sending him to third. Miles hit to Dahlgren, whose throw home was too late to get Johnson. Bruer then lost control, walking, Rubeling and Brancato around a strike-out of Vaughan to force in a run.

Back came the Yanks as Mills batted for Breuer and delivered a single to left. Crosetti half ducked away from a pitch and dropped it in right for a double. Rolfe missed a game ending double by three inches and then fanned, but Keller whacked a single to left to score both runners and win the game.

**BABICH SUPERB**

The nightcap saw Babich pitch a great game. A walk to Crosetti, infield cut and Rolfe's single scored one for the Yanks in the first. Gordon's walk, Dahlgren's single and Pearson's sacrifice fly tallied another in the second but that was all.

The A's opened the second with successive singles by Johnson (who got four hits this game), Siebert and Hayes for one run before Pearson settled down. In the third Johnson drove in Brancato, who had walked and moved up, with another hit. Pearson pitched himself out of trouble from there on. In the ninth Babich opened with a single and Brancato hit into a double play via Crosetti. Moses doubled to right and McCoy singled to left, but Selkirk's fine throw got Moses at the plate.

The A's put over the deciding in the 10th when with one out Siebert singled, moved up on a wild pitch and scored on Hayes' hot single to left. The Yanks opened a counter rally in their half with two down when Crosetti and Rolfe singled, but Keller was unable to repeat his first game blow and the A's had won a well earned victory.

**(First game)**

Philadelphia .000 001 002—3 8 1  
NEW YORK .000 000 000—0 7 13 2

Dean, Vandenberg (5), Hubbell (7) and O'Dea; Blanton and Atwood.

**(Second Game)**

NEW YORK .000 000 061—3 7 13 2

Philadelphia .000 000 000—0 6 2 6 2

Gumberg, Brown (7), Lynn (8) and Danning; Smoll, Syl Johnson (8) and Millies.

**WHAT'S ON**

**RATES:** What's On notices for the Daily and Sunday Workers are \$5.00 (6 words to 10 lines—3 lines minimum).

**DEADLINE:** Daily at 12 Noon. For Sunday, 5 P.M. Friday.

**Philadelphia, Pa.**

CELEBRATE MOTHER'S DAY! 8th Birthday and Communist Election Campaign Picnic July 4th at Mother's Day home, 40th and 10th Streets, Spinnerstown, Pa. All day restaurant, dancing, ticket 25¢ at door. Children free. For transportation, call Pennypacker 6643.

**CAMP P. RIDGEDALE**, Sunnyside, Pa. Phone Pennsboro 2622. Special Picnic July 4th at 12:30 P.M. 50¢. 25¢ for 4 days. Swimming, sports, campfires, hikes, dancing. Make your reservations now! Telephone LOM 4-6600 in Phila. or CH 301. 35 East 12th Street.

**PHILADELPHIA, ILL.**

**ELECTION RALLY** and **PEACE PICNIC** THURSDAY JULY 4

**JUSTICE PARK GARDENS** Archer & Kean Ave., Justice, Ill.

**MAIN SPEAKER:** James W. Ford

**Complaint Party Candidate for Vice-President**

**ADMISSION 15 CENTS**

**DIRECTIONS:** Any car to 63rd St. 63rd to end of line. Bus to Grove, 1st & 2nd. Closes 7 P.M., 78th to Archer Ave. and Archer St. to Kean Ave.

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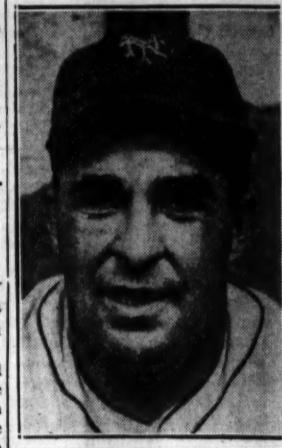
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**CITY OFFICE:** 1 UNION SQUARE, Room 515. GRamerky 7-1960

**—by del**



## MAJOR LEAGUE SCORES

### NATIONAL LEAGUE

(First game).

Chicago .000 040 000—4 10 1

Cincinnati .103 000 30x—7 13 1

French, Page (6), Olsen (7), Lee (8) and Todd; Waltrip and Lombardi, Herschberger (7).

Chicago .023 100 000—6 9 2

Cincinnati .100 220 011—7 15 1

Root, Olsen (5), Mooy (6), French (6), Lee (8) and Collins; Thompson, Beggs (5), Shoffner (7), Riddle (9) and Lombardi.

Chicago .023 100 000—6 7 15 1

Root, Olsen (5), Mooy (6), French (6), Lee (8) and Collins; Thompson, Beggs (5), Shoffner (7), Riddle (9) and Lombardi.

Chicago .023 100 000—6 7 15 1

Root, Olsen (5), Mooy (6), French (6), Lee (8) and Collins; Thompson, Beggs (5), Shoffner (7), Riddle (9) and Lombardi.

Chicago .023 100 000—6 7 15 1

Root, Olsen (5), Mooy (6), French (6), Lee (8) and Collins; Thompson, Beggs (5), Shoffner (7), Riddle (9) and Lombardi.

Chicago .023 100 000—6 7 15 1

Root, Olsen (5), Mooy (6), French (6), Lee (8) and Collins; Thompson, Beggs (5), Shoffner (7), Riddle (9) and Lombardi.

Chicago .023 100 000—6 7